

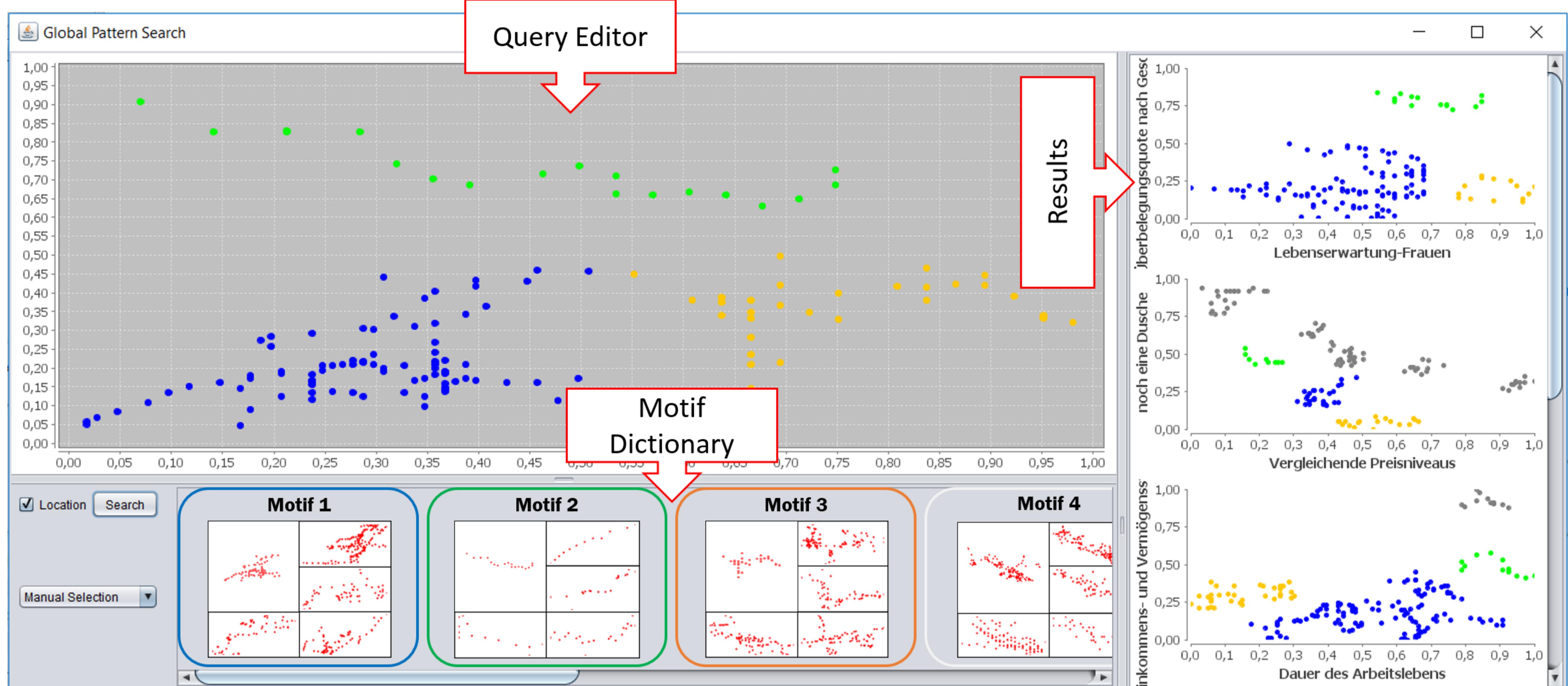
# Query by Visual Words:

## Visual Search for Scatter Plot Visualizations

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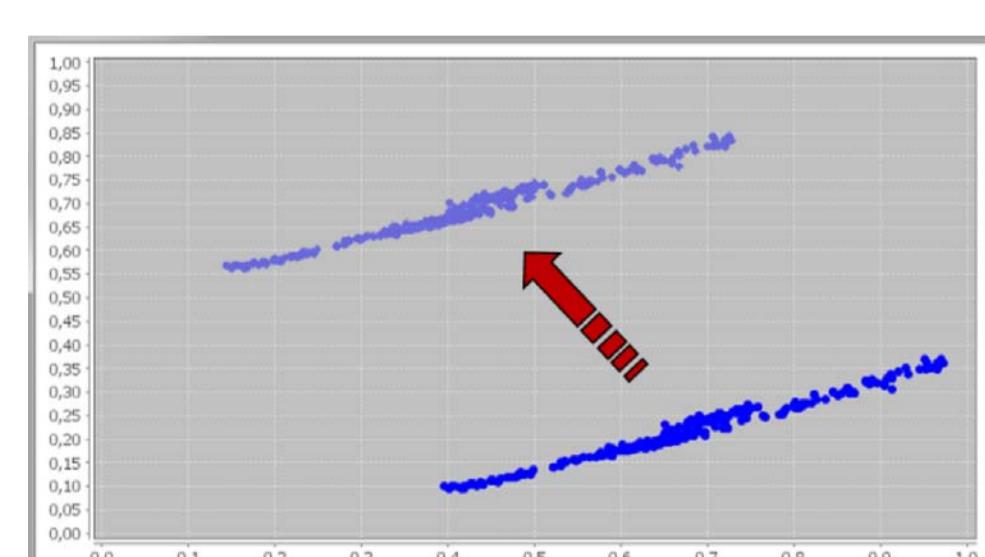


### The Goal

- Transfer the Bag-of-Words concept from image retrieval to data visualization techniques.
- Decompose scatter plot views into regions of interest.
- Introduce a novel scatter plot search approach based on a dictionary of frequent local scatter plot patterns [1].

### Query Editor

- The query editor can be used to edit a query scatter plot as the basis of the search.
- Users can select motifs from the dictionary as building elements of the query.
- Selected motifs can be freely positioned within the editor to formulate the final query scatter plot.



### Motif Dictionary

Based on [1], we build the dictionary by

- Segmenting local scatter plot patterns.
  - Visual feature extraction of local patterns.
  - Clustering the set of scatter plot segments.
- The Dictionary consists of clusters of similar scatter plot segments (so called visual words).
  - Dictionary entries are visualized by overview glyphs (motif prototype + associated patterns).
  - Users can quickly explore the local pattern space and choose interesting motifs for search.

### Similarity Search

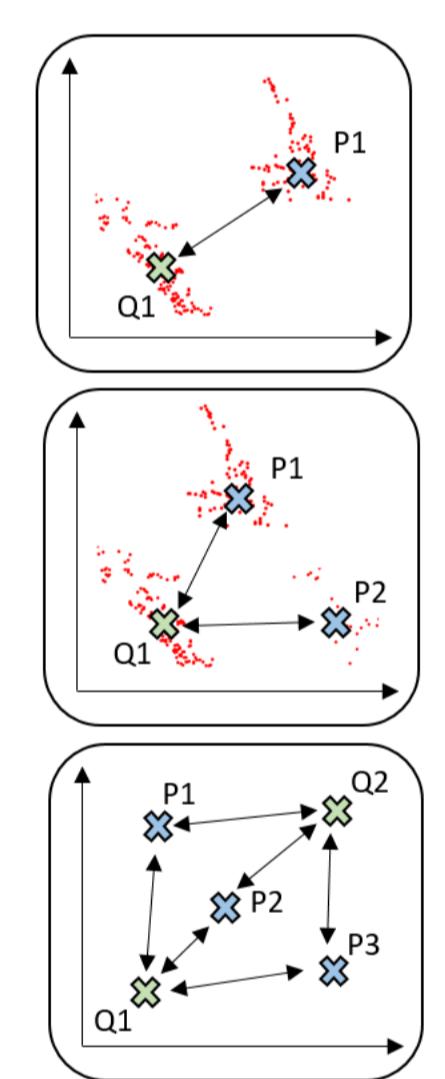
We use the motif dictionary, as well as the defined spatial positions of each motif to compute a similarity score between queries and target scatter plots. The overall similarity score is iteratively computed as a sum over the distances between each motif of the query (possibly several) and the matching motifs in the target. There are different cases:

1:1: A query motif occurs only once and matches to exactly one target motif.

1:N: A query motif occurs only once and matches to a set of target motifs.

N:M: A query motif occurs several times and is matched to a single or set of target motifs.

The similarity between a pair of motifs is computed based on the spatial distance between the motifs, optionally also considering the feature-based distance between the motif instances.



### Related Work

- Local pattern analysis [1].
- Quality metrics for scatter plot visualizations [2,3].
- Sketch-based search techniques [4,5].

### Future Work

- Sorting of dictionary glyph representation.
- Rescaling of query motifs.
- Comparison of different similarity functions (e.g., image features).

[1] L. Shao, T. Schleicher, M. Behrisch, T. Sipiran and D. A. Keim: Guiding the exploration of scatter plot data using motif-based interest measures. In Proc. Int. Symp. on Big Data Visual Analytics (2015), pp. 1–8.  
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[3] A. Tatou, G. Albuquerque, M. Eisemann, P. Bak, H. Theisel, M. Magnor and D. A. Keim: Automated analytical methods to support visual exploration of high-dimensional data. Visualization and Computer Graphics, IEEE Transactions on 17, 5 (2011).  
[4] L. Shao, M. Behrisch, T. Schreck, T. van Landesberger, M. Scherer, S. Bremer and D. A. Keim: Guided Sketching for Visual Search and Exploration in Large Scatter Plot Spaces. In Proc. Int. Workshop on Visual Analytics (2014), EG.  
[5] B. Lee, G. Smith, N. H. Richie, A. Karlson and S. Carpendale: SketchInsight: Natural data exploration on interactive whiteboards leveraging pen and touch interaction. In 2015 IEEE Pacific Visualization Symposium (PacificVis) (2015), pp. 199–206.

